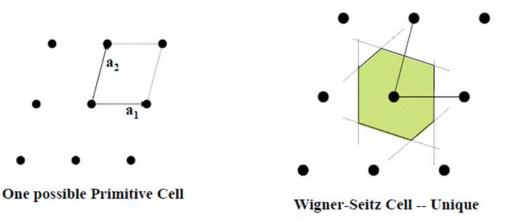


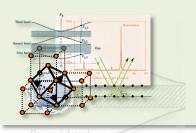
Wigner-Seitz cell



It is the smallest possible primitive cell, which consist of one lattice point and all the surrounding space closer to it than to any other point.

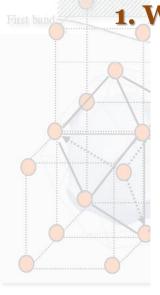


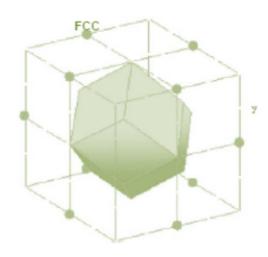
- connect a lattice point to all nearby lattice points
- draw the perpendicular bisectors of lines
- find enclosed polygon with smallest volume

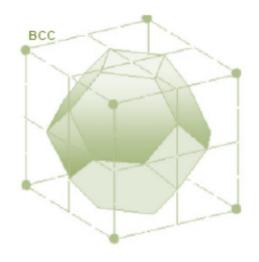


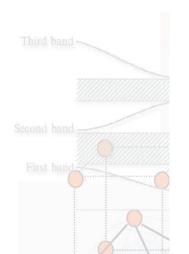
Wigner-Seitz cell

1. Wigner-Seitz 3D-cell:









The construction of the W-S cell in the *reciprocal lattice* gives the first *Brillouin zone* (important for diffraction).